George Roberts, Chairman

Jerry Pate, Vice Chairman

Jon Costello

Ted Everett

Bo Spring

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The Honorable Governing Board, Northwest Florida Water Management District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Northwest Florida Water Management District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and Section 215.97, Florida Statutes, *Florida Single Audit Act*; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

!0 % \$%!#) . G#vernmeUt-Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 13, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore: Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida May 13, 2020

As management of the Northwest Florida Water Management District, we offer readers of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Northwest Florida Water Management District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

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At the end of the most recent fiscal year, the Northwest Florida Water Management District's:

- Assets exceeded its liabilities by \$201,268,322 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,375,064 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,941,076, an increase of \$919,331 from the previous year.
- Unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$0 and assigned fund balance was \$9,561,505 for all funds.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Northwest Florida Water Management District's basic financial statements. The Northwest Florida Water Management District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

\$ 4 % * 65!# /# (+ &(!,(! * ! & he government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Northwest Florida Water Management District is improving or declining.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Northwest Florida Water Management District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the Northwest Florida Water Management District include: water resources planning and monitoring; acquisition, restoration and public works; operation and maintenance of lands and works; regulation; outreach; and administration.

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- \$ 4 % * 6 5 # / # (+ #& !(& ancluded) The government-wide financial statements include only the Northwest Florida Water Management District, a component unit of the State of Florida.
- \$4 % * !/(", &Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's *near-term* financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's *near-term* financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Northwest Florida Water Management District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Projects Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Land Management Fund, Regulation Fund, and Mitigation Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

- \$! &\$!0 /# (+ &(!,(! * !\text{Mod}) notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- ! 0 % / \$ % * (! #h\$adatition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning Northwest Florida Water Management District's budgetary comparison for its major funds as well as the other post-employment benefits retirement healthcare plan schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions. The Northwest Florida Water Management District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund and each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget as noted in the table of contents.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Northwest Florida Water Management District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$201,268,322 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

		8
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Current and other assets	\$ 46,048,676	\$ 44,147,396
Capital assets	180,748,260	179,322,656
\$!(,(&&!&	226,796,936	223,470,052
/ % \$!/, 5 \$\$/ & '\$% &	2,361,305	2,716,986
#(2#,#!# &9		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	702,839	692,367
Net pension liability	6,600,496	6,047,669
Net OPEB liability	2,454,676	2,293,619
Other liabilities	17,107,600	16,125,651
\$!(,,#(2#,#!# &	26,865,611	25,159,306
/ % # /5\$\$ / % & '\$% &	1,024,308	1,186,057
! \$& #! \$ \$		
Net investment in capital assets	180,748,260	179,322,656
Restricted	14,145,134	13,426,716
Unrestricted	6,374,928	7,092,303
\$!(, ! \$& #!#\$	\$ 201,268,322	\$ 199,841,675

By far the largest portion of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's net position (90 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Northwest Florida Water Management District uses these capital assets to protect environmentally sensitive lands and to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's net position (7.0 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$6,374,928 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Northwest Florida Water Management District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

		8
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Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,039,839	\$ 2,857,488
Operating grants and contributions	17,438,317	17,316,796
Capital grants and contributions	76,280	616,107
General revenues:		
Property taxes	3,455,532	3,366,090
Grants and contributions not	1,042,562	754,632
restricted to specific programs		
Other revenues	108,072	34,877
\$!(,%4 " &	23,160,602	24,945,990
: & & 9		
Water Resources Planning and Monitoring	4,487,534	4,493,543
Acquisition, Restoration, and Public Works	7,836,379	10,064,802
Operation and Maintenance of Lands and Works	3,818,971	3,259,305
Regulation	3,391,866	3,206,208
Outreach	140,057	130,024
Administration	2,059,148	2,129,688
\$!(,: & &	21,733,955	23,283,570
0() 8# ! \$& #!#\$	1,426,647	1,662,420
! \$& #!#6\$2)# #\$) - (%	199,841,675	199,681,582
&!(! * !	-	(1,502,327)
! \$& #!#6\$ \$ /-(%	\$ 201,268,322	\$ 199,841,675

\$4 % * !((+! #48#6#vernmental activities at the end of the most recent fiscal year increased Northwest Florida Water Management District's net position by \$1,426,647. The increase is largely attributed to interest earnings and residual revenue as a result of unspent budget.

As noted earlier, the Northwest Florida Water Management District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

\$ 4 % * 1/(", -& The focus of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

Such information is useful in assessing the Northwest Florida Water Management District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the most recent fiscal year, the Northwest Florida Water Management District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,941,076 an increase of \$919,331 in comparison with the prior year. Currently, there is \$0 unassigned fund balance. The District's fund balance is in restricted, committed, or assigned form to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to activities associated with the general fund, various special revenue funds, and the capital projects fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Northwest Florida Water Management District. At the end of the most recent fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$0 and total fund balance of the general fund was \$14,795,942.

Additionally, the fund balance of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's general fund increased by \$200,913. The increase is largely attributed to interest earnings and residual revenue as an result of unspent budget.

Due to Hurricane Michael, the Northwest Florida Water Management District amended the original budget significantly. This is due to the increase of \$1,000,000 in the land management fund in anticipation of hurricane related expenses. There were no significant differences between the final adopted budget and actual activity of the District for the year.

(#! ((,& &—! The Northwest Florida Water Management District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$180,748,260 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$1,425,604 over the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, building, infrastructure, vehicles, office equipment, field equipment, and computer equipment. The main reason for the increase in capital assets is the addition of costs totaling \$883,568 relating to the purchase of the Cypress Spring conservation easement.

The District's primary revenue sources for recurring operations are state appropriations and ad valorem (property) taxes. State appropriations are provided for each of the following activities: the Environmental Resource Program, Minimum Flows and Minimum Levels, Land Management, and general District operations. Ad valorem is levied using the rolled-back rate and is collected from the 16 counties encompassed by the District. Additional recurring revenue has been derived from the sale of timber on District lands used to support land management operations and permitting fees and fines used for ongoing costs of the District's regulatory program.

The FY 2018-2019 Adopted Budget was \$69.5 million, an increase of \$4.1 million or 6.2 percent above the FY 2017-2018 Amended Budget. The adopted millage rate was 0.0338 which is 32.4 percent below the constitutional and statutory cap of 0.05 mills. The increase in the budget was primarily attributable to additional legislative funds for springs protection, restoration, and acquisition projects. Total funding consisted of \$32.8 million in new revenue, \$33.4 million in revenue received and/or appropriated in prior years, and \$3.3 million in fund balance. Almost three-fourths of the budget, \$50.6 million, was for springs projects, water supply development assistance, and watershed restoration. One-fourth (24.5 percent) of the \$69.5 million represented recurring needs.

The District plans to continue to develop future budgets using annual state appropriations and ad valorem as the primary revenue sources for supporting recurring operations. However, less reliance has been placed on the collection of timber sales revenue since 2018. Prior to Hurricane Michael's impact in October 2018 and starting in FY 2021-2022, annual timber revenues were projected to decline from \$2.0 million to \$750,000, due to the make-up and nature of the District's timber inventory. After Hurricane Michael, timber harvesting nearly halted, resulting in a greater use of Land Management fund balance reserves in the FY 2019-2020 budget. For FY 2020-2021, additional legislative funding may be incorporated into the budget for Hurricane Michael recovery activities, which would mitigate the use of fund balance reserves. The District continues to monitor timber inventory, but is not likely to budget new timber sales revenue until FY 2022-2023.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Northwest Florida Water Management District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Northwest Florida Water Management District, 81 Water Management Drive, Havana, Florida 32333.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 348,457
Investments	42,894,893
Accounts receivable	91,049
Due from other governments	2,712,144
Deposits	2,133
Capital assets:	151 122 152
Non-depreciable	174,433,452
Depreciable, net	6,314,808
Total assets	226,796,936
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,940,683
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	420,622
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,361,305
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,519,008
Due to other governments	17,781
Deposits	265,113
Unearned revenue	14,305,698
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences	702,839
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	6,600,496
Total OPEB liability	2,454,676
Total liabilities	26,865,611
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	908,542
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	115,766
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,024,308
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	180,748,260
Restricted for:	
Regulatory, permitting, licensing, and enforcement activities	2,922,404
Mitigation projects	2,426,204
Minimum flow and minimum levels	3,182,140
Operation & maintenance of lands & works	5,318,022
Capital improvement and land acquisition and restoration	296,364
Unrestricted	6,374,928
Total net position	\$ 201,268,322

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Program Revenues						Net (Expense)	
				Operating		Capital		evenue and	
		Charge		Grants and	Grants and Contributions		Change in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Servi	ces	Contributions					
Governmental activities									
Water resources planning									
and monitoring	\$ 4,487,534	\$	-	\$ 4,937,570	\$	-	\$	450,036	
Acquisition, restoration,									
and public works	7,836,379		-	8,022,418		76,280		262,319	
Operation and maintenance									
of lands and works	3,818,971	375	5,959	1,801,891		-		(1,641,121)	
Regulation	3,391,866	663	3,880	2,676,438		-		(51,548)	
Outreach	140,057		-	-		-		(140,057)	
Administration	2,059,148		-	-		-		(2,059,148)	
Total	\$ 21,733,955	\$ 1,039	,839	\$17,438,317	\$	76,280		(3,179,519)	
	General reve	ıues							
	Property taxe	es						3,455,532	
	Unrestricted	investment	earnin	gs				1,042,562	
	Miscellaneo	us						108,072	
	Total general	revenues						4,606,166	
	Change in net	t position						1,426,647	
	Net position,	beginning (of year					199,841,675	
	Net position,	end of year	•				\$	201,268,322	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund	Mitigation Fund	Projects Fund	Land Management Fund	Regulation Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 265,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 83,028	\$ -	\$ 348,457
Investments	12,502,011	16,337,216	3,303,298	6,674,831	2,955,402	1,122,135	42,894,893
Accounts receivable	-	-	49,262	41,787	-	-	91,049
Due from other governments	14,435	-	2,404,006	11,103	4,053	278,547	2,712,144
Due from other funds	2,461,755	-	-	-	99,817	-	2,561,572
Deposits	752		190		1,191		2,133
Total assets	\$ 15,244,382	\$ 16,337,216	\$ 5,756,756	\$ 6,727,721	\$ 3,143,491	\$ 1,400,682	\$ 48,610,248
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 348,623	\$ 56,964	\$ 1,450,418	\$ 451,638	\$ 138,059	\$ 73,306	\$ 2,519,008
Due to other governments	-	-	17,781	-	-	-	17,781
Due to other funds	99,817	554,859	1,003,775	702,289	-	200,832	2,561,572
Deposits	´-	-	· · · · ·	182,085	83,028	-	265,113
Unearned revenues	-	13,299,189	102,642	73,687	-	830,180	14,305,698
Total liabilities	448,440	13,911,012	2,574,616	1,409,699	221,087	1,104,318	19,669,172
Fund balances Restricted:							
Regulatory services	-	-	-	-	2,922,404	-	2,922,404
Mitigation projects	-	2,426,204	-	-	-	-	2,426,204
Min. flows & levels	-	-	3,182,140	-	-	-	3,182,140
Capital improvement and land							
acquisition and restoration	-	-	-	-	-	296,364	296,364
Operation & maintenance of lands & works	-	-	-	5,318,022	-	-	5,318,022
Committed:							
St. Joe Bay assessment project	182,200	-	-	-	-	-	182,200
Apalachicola Bay grant	61,345	-	-	-	-	-	61,345
Weems road pass grant	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	100,000
Gulf County water supply project	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	500,000
Water supply development assistance grants	371,650	-	-	-	-	-	371,650
Hydrologic data loggers	38,000	-	-	-	-	-	38,000
Bay County water reuse grant	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	500,000
Economic stabilization fund	3,481,378	-	-	-	-	-	3,481,378
Assigned:							
General fund deficiencies	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	4,000,000
Resource management programs and grants	3,561,369	-	-	-	-	-	3,561,369
Hurricane recovery	1,000,000						1,000,000
District short-term projects	1,000,000						1,000,000
Total fund balances	14,795,942	2,426,204	3,182,140	5,318,022	2,922,404	296,364	28,941,076
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 15,244,382	\$ 16,337,216	\$ 5,756,756	\$ 6,727,721	\$ 3,143,491	\$ 1,400,682	\$ 48,610,248

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 28,941,076
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Total governmental capital assets - nondepreciable	174,433,452	
Total governmental capital assets - depreciable	12,663,911	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(6,349,103)	180,748,260
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability is not recorded until an		
amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient		
for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal		
year). On the Statement of Net Position, the District's net pension liability of the defined		
benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported.		
Net pension liability	(6,600,496)	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,940,683	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(908,542)	(5,568,355)
On the governmental fund statements, an OPEB liability is not recorded unless an		
amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal		
year). On the Statement of Net Position, the District's OPEB liability is reported as		
a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to		
OPEB are also reported.		
Total OPEB liability	(2,454,676)	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	420,622	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(115,766)	(2,149,820)
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		(702,839)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 201,268,322

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund	Mitigation Fund	Projects Fund	Land Management Fund	Regulation Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 2,312,342	\$ -	\$ 246,542	\$ -	\$ 896,648	\$ -	\$ 3,455,532
Permits and licenses	-	-	-	-	506,480	-	506,480
Timber sales	-	-	-	199,238	-	-	199,238
Intergovernmental revenue	-	676,231	9,915,007	1,682,748	2,740,907	1,213,659	16,228,552
Federal grants	-	-	1,364,433	137,655	-	-	1,502,088
Investment income	345,967	408,395	61,077	162,431	57,316	7,376	1,042,562
Miscellaneous revenues	93,011	-	49,791	182,761	157,811	-	483,374
Total revenues	2,751,320	1,084,626	11,636,850	2,364,833	4,359,162	1,221,035	23,417,826
Expenditures							
Salaries	1,266,173	196,485	1,683,080	904,952	1,803,854	18,503	5,873,047
Employee benefits	552,435	78,100	632,665	424,122	779,090	11,196	2,477,608
Professional/contractual services	152,161	285,056	1,763,533	999,588	65,381	165,032	3,430,751
Services	374,159	24,799	214,002	532,573	373,309	262	1,519,104
Commodities	58,159	30,936	64,435	441,327	59,921	-	654,778
Capital outlay	123,402	2,499	242,467	229,067	155,723	1,012,371	1,765,529
Grants and aids	992,596	-	5,817,999	-	-	-	6,810,595
Administrative overhead allocated	(1,392,755)	58,356	493,465	283,427	551,213	6,294	-
Total expenditures	2,126,330	676,231	10,911,646	3,815,056	3,788,491	1,213,658	22,531,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	624,990	408,395	725,204	(1,450,223)	570,671	7,377	886,414
Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of general fixed assets	-	-	12,397	16,720	3,800	-	32,917
Transfers in	47,344	-	-	471,421	-	-	518,765
Transfers out	(471,421)	-	(47,344)	-	-	-	(518,765)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(424,077)	-	(34,947)	488,141	3,800	-	32,917
Net change in fund balance	200,913	408,395	690,257	(962,082)	574,471	7,377	919,331
Fund balance, beginning of year	14,595,029	2,017,809	2,491,883	6,280,104	2,347,933	288,987	28,021,745
Fund balance, end of year	\$14,795,942	\$2,426,204	\$3,182,140	\$5,318,022	\$2,922,404	\$ 296,364	\$28,941,076

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	;	\$ 919,331
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital outlay expenditures 1,960,7	79	
Depreciation expense (506,3	63)	1,454,416
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e. sales and disposals) is to decrease net position.		(28,812)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions (759,6	57)	
Change in total OPEB liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to OPEB (148,1)	49)	
Change in compensated absences liability (10,4)	72)	(918,288)
Change in net position of governmental activities	9	1,426,647

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The Northwest Florida Water Management District (the District) was established by the Florida Water Resources Act of 1972, Chapter 72-299, Laws of Florida, and operates under Chapter 373, Florida Statutes. It was the State of Florida Legislature's stated intent in establishing the District and other Districts to: provide for the management of water and related land resources; promote the conservation, development, and proper utilization of surface and ground water; develop and regulate dams, impoundments, reservoirs, and other works, and to provide water storage for beneficial purposes; prevent damage from floods, soil erosion, and excessive drainage; preserve natural resources, fish and wildlife; promote recreational development, protect public lands, and assist in maintaining the navigability of rivers and harbors; and otherwise promote the health, safety, and the general welfare of the people of the State of Florida.

The District encompasses all or part of sixteen counties in the northwestern part of Florida. There are nine members of the District Governing Board. Each member resides within the District and is appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board members are appointed for a four-year term.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and used by the District are discussed below:

(a) \$ %!#)! #!-As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the District as a component unit of the State of Florida. Based on the criteria listed below the State of Florida is considered the primary government.

A primary government is financially accountable for an organization if: (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; (2) it is able to impose its will on the organization; or (3) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Based upon these criteria, the District is considered to be a component unit of the State of Florida and is disclosed in the State of Florida's financial statements.

The accompanying financial statements present the primary government only since there are no component units for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

(b) # (+ #%, \$ % !\frac{8}{2}! \% " + !-TR6 basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The focus of the government-wide statements is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported.

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The governmental-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Administrative overhead, including centralized expenses, are directly allocated to specific functions and are included in direct expenses. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Program revenues are netted within program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on the District's major funds, each presented in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District's transactions are recorded in the following fund types:

- General Fund—is the principal operating fund used to account for most of the District's general activities.
- Special Revenue Funds—accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.
- Capital Projects Fund—accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund—is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Projects Fund—is a special revenue fund and accounts for all resources management projects and activities funded through dedicated revenue sources from grants and contracts with state, federal, local government entities, or water utility authorities.

Lands Management Fund— is a special revenue fund and accounts for activities associated with the management, improvement, and maintenance of District owned lands. State appropriations, sales of timber, and use of fund balance provide the primary funding source for District land management activities.

Regulation Fund— is a special revenue fund and accounts for all regulatory activities including consumptive use permitting and monitoring; well construction permitting and plugging, construction and repair of dams; and environmental resource permitting program (ERP). These activities are primarily funded by State appropriation, permit fees and fines, and ad valorem taxes.

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Mitigation Fund— is a special revenue fund and accounts for all resource management mitigation projects and activities funded through dedicated Florida Department of Transportation funding sources. Expenditures include land acquisitions, restorations, monitoring, and other water resource related activities.

Capital Projects Fund—accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

(c) (& "% * /\$ + " & (& #\$&/ (+ + \$ " ! #() /# (+ #& (! * ! % & ! (! ##\& government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes, entitlements, and donations. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are received. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, certain expenditure relating to future periods, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

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(d) \$ & #(! & # 4 & ! * —! The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1968, SEC registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating and savings and interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The Local Government Surplus Fund Investment Pool (Florida PRIME) operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. As a Florida PRIME participant, the District invests in pools of investments whereby the District owns a share of the respective pool, not the underlying securities.

- (e) + #4(2,(& (-(2,—&ctivity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."
- (f) % \$ % (:- & The District is authorized by Section 373.503, Florida Statutes, to levy ad valorem taxes on all real and personal property located within the District not to exceed .05 mills. The rate for the 2018-2019 fiscal year was 0.0338 mills. The property assessment and tax collection functions are performed by appropriate officials of county government in each of the sixteen counties comprising the District. Commissions are paid to the counties for these appraisal and collection services.
- (g) (#!((,& &—! &apital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as equipment assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life of one year or more, and other assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$50,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life of one year or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, plus any ancillary charges (freight and transportation charges, site preparation costs, installation costs, and professional fees) necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

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& &	3 (5
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	40
Leasehold Improvements	10
Field Equipment	7
Office Equipment	7
Vehicles and Water Craft	7
Lawn Maintenance Equipment	5
Computer and Technical Equipment and software	3

- (h) \$)6 % *\$ 2, #) (!-#n\$the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position.
- (i) \$ * & (! (2 &—It+is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Pension and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows represent the difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors and changes to assumptions in the measurement of total pension liability, and the differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in the District's proportionate share of pension contributions. These amounts are reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources, to be recognized in expense over time. Also included in deferred outflows are amounts contributed to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement date. See Note 10 for more information on pension related deferred inflows and outflows, and Note 12 for OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows.

- (k) " 2(, (+-&The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints of the District's fund balance:
 - Nonspendable Fund Balance—includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form; or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

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- Restricted Fund Balance—includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance—Includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Governing Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District's Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (Resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District established an Economic Stabilization Reserve equal to two months of the tentative operating expenditure budget. Use of the Economic Stabilization Fund is limited to the following circumstances:
 - When a state of emergency is declared by the Governor of Florida or the President of the United States that impacts the region served by the District.
 - When the Governing Board determines through the adoption of a resolution that:
 (a) an emergency or other extreme circumstance has arisen that creates an unanticipated need for additional revenues that are not available through other funding sources; (b) the underlying condition directly impacts the citizens and/or environment within District boundaries; and (c) remedial action cannot wait until the next fiscal year. In the event of an emergency, the Executive Director or his/her designee may take necessary action as a time sensitive matter.
- Assigned Fund Balance—Assigned fund balance consists of amounts that are constrained by a less than formal action of the District's Governing Board, or by an individual body to whom the Governing Board has delegated this responsibility. The District has delegated this responsibility to the Executive Director. Assignment of fund balance may be made for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the fund and to reflect the appropriation of a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget including any amendments thereto.
- Unassigned Fund Balance—Includes the residual fund balance that may be used for yet to be determined purposes in the general fund only.
- (1) , \$ 5 &(& " * !#\$he District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made, with the exception of the Economic Stabilization Reserve established by the District's Governing Board.
- (m) 1 & \$ / & ! # * (!-T&e preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deposits -At year-end, the District had carrying amounts of deposits of \$265,179 and bank balances of \$389,147. The District also had cash on hand of \$250. In addition, the District had \$83,028 that is being held in escrow with the Florida Department of Financial Services on behalf of a company whose permit requires certain mitigation be performed. Of the bank balances, \$389,147 was covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's custodial bank, which is pledged to a state trust fund that provides security in accordance with Florida Security for Deposits Act, Chapter 280, for amounts held in excess of FDIC coverage.

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral.

Investments—The foremost objective of the District's investment policy is the safety of capital and liquidity of funds. Achieving an optimal rate of return is of secondary importance as compared to the safety and liquidity of funds. The District's investment policy limits investments to those relatively low risk securities authorized in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. How the District manages credit risk, interest rate risk, and custodial credit risk is as follows:

Investments of \$42,894,893 represent amounts held with the Florida State Board of Administration, Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (PRIME Fund). The fund invests in money market and U.S. treasury notes, collateralized mortgage obligations, asset backed securities, agency notes, agency ARM pass-through, corporate bonds, government related securities, and certificates of deposit. This fund is carried at amortized cost. Amortized cost includes accrued income and is a method of calculating an investment's value by adjusting its acquisition cost for amortization of discount or premium over the period from purchase to maturity. Thus, the balance in the fund is its fair value. The State Board of Administration (SBA)'s interpretation of GASB Statement No. 79 is that the Florida PRIME investment pool currently meets all necessary criteria to measure its investments at amortized cost. Therefore, as a participant in the Florida SBA's Florida PRIME investment pool, the District's investments in Florida PRIME were also measured at amortized cost for fiscal year 2018-2019. There were no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals including items such as redemption notices, maximum transaction amounts, and the pool's authority to impose liquidity fees or redemption gates.

- Credit Risk—The District minimizes credit risk, the risk of loss due to failure of the security, by limiting investments to authorized investments. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (PRIME Fund) is rated by Standards & Poors. The current rating is AAAm. The Investment Manager of Florida PRIME managements credit risk by purchasing only high quality securities, performing a credit analysis to develop a database of issuers and securities that meet the Investment manager's minimum standard and by regularly reviewing the portfolio's securities financial data, issuer news and developments, and ratings of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.
- Interest Rate Risk—The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values of investments by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities and the Florida SBA's Florida PRIME. The weighted average days to maturity of the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust at September 30, 2019, was 37 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the weighted average days to maturity.

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 - Custodial Credit Risk—Investments are subject to custodial credit risk if the securities are
 uninsured, not registered in the District's name, and are held by the party that either sells to
 or buys for the District. No investments held at year-end were subject to custodial credit risk.
 The Florida SBA's Florida PRIME does participate in securities lending, but the District
 owns shares of the Florida PRIME and not the underlying investments. Neither the District
 nor Florida Prime has participated in securities lending program in the fiscal year ended
 September 30, 2019.
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Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		1 (%
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	Q	13,401,831
Advance payments received on Timber sales	Ф	73,687
Advance payment received prior to meeting revenue		
recognition requirements		830,180
1 (% 4 " \$4 % * "	\$	14,305,698

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Interfund receivables/payables represent loans to fund expenditures of other funds. At September 30, 2019, the balances in these accounts consist of the following:

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\$ 2,461,755	\$ 99,817
· -	1,003,775
-	702,289
99,817	_
· -	554,859
 <u> </u>	200,832
\$ 2,561,572	\$ 2,561,572
\$	\$ 2,461,755

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Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

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\$4 % !(, +!#4#!# &9	< < 8	<u>+ %& &</u>	+%(& 8	< <
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$152,684,000	\$ 139,313	\$ (20,026)	\$152,803,287
Capital Easements	20,480,631	965,194	-	21,445,825
Construction in Progress	44,413	139,927		184,340
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	173,209,044	1,244,434	(20,026)	174,433,452
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	3,269,840	141,940	-	3,411,780
Infrastructure	3,371,390	-	-	3,371,390
Furniture and Equipment	5,625,970	574,405	(319,634)	5,880,741
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	12,267,200	716,345	(319,634)	12,663,911
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,247,308	86,739	-	1,334,047
Infrastructure	419,304	67,428	-	486,732
Furniture and Equipment	4,486,976	352,196	(310,848)	4,528,324
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,153,588	506,363	(310,848)	6,349,103
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Depreciation	6,113,612	209,982	(8,786)	6,314,808
\$4 % !(, +!#4#!# &&& #&(, !	\$179,322,656	\$1,454,416	\$ (28,812)	\$180,748,260

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

\$4 % * +!#4;	
Water Resources Planning and Monitoring	\$ 139,251
Operation and Maintenance of Lands and Works	194,623
Regulation	18,759
Administration	153,730
\$!(\$4 % * !(, +!	\$ 506,363

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The District is committed under two noncancellable operating leases for office space. One of the noncancellable leases expired in October of 2018, and the other commenced in February of 2019. Expenditures related to these lease agreements amounted to \$72,895 during the year ended September 30, 2019. Future minimum lease payments for the noncancellable leases are as follows:

3 (* \$ "		
2020	\$	97,500	
2021		97,500	
2022		97,500	
2023		97,500	
2024		97,500	
Thereafter		422,500	
\$!(,	\$	910,000	

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Changes in Long-term Liabilities—Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

#& = (() *— The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

\$! #) # (2 # , #-! An units received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of September 30, 2019, the District had the following commitments related to unfinished projects:

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the District entered into a 10 year property lease to serve as the primary location for their DeFuniak Springs field office. The lessor was a member of the governing board of the district, with a term ending March 1, 2019. Lease payments per the agreement are to be \$97,500 annually.

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The District is authorized by Section 373.4136, Florida Statutes, to permit the establishment of mitigation banks. As part of the permit application, the establishment of a mitigation bank is required to demonstrate the financial ability to conduct the mitigation activities, any necessary management of the site, monitoring of the mitigation, and any necessary correction action indicated by the monitoring. The mitigation banks can provide the demonstrated financial assurance by obtaining a surety bond, performance bond, irrevocable letter of credit, or establishing a trust fund. If a bond or an irrevocable letter of credit is used, a standby trust fund shall be established in which all payments under the bonds or letters of credit shall be directly deposited. If the mitigation bank fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit, the District may draw upon the financial assurance provided by the mitigation bank. As of September 30, 2019, the District had \$0 of financial assurances provided by the various mitigation banks.

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The District participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a multiple-employer, cost sharing defined public employee retirement system which covers all of the District's full-time employees. The System is a noncontributory retirement plan, administered by the State of Florida, Department of Administration, Division of Retirement to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating public employees. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans and other nonintegrated programs. These include a defined-benefit pension plan (Plan), with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), and a defined-contribution plan, referred to as the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

In addition, all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. The HIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month, pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the state-administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Members of both Plans may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement plan and/or class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned.

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months.

During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest.

Employees may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined-benefit plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The Investment Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions that are based on salary and membership class (Regular, DROP, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Employees in the Investment Plan vest at one year of service.

Financial statements and other supplementary information of the FRS are included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which is available from the Florida Department of Financial Services, Bureau of Financial Reporting Statewide Financial Reporting Section by mail at 200 E. Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0364; by telephone at (850) 413-5511; or at the Department's Web site (www.myfloridacfo.com). An annual report on the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from:

Florida Department of Management Services Division of Retirement, Research and Education Services P.O. Box 9000 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737

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Employers may participate in certain classes of FRS membership. The employee contribution rate for eligible employees are 3.0%. Each class has descriptions and employer contribution rates in effect during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

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Regular Class	8.26%	8.47%
DROP	14.03%	14.60%
Senior Management	24.06%	25.41%

Current-year employer HIS contributions were made at a rate of 1.66% of covered payroll, included in the above rates.

Actual contributions made for District employees participating in FRS and HIS for the plan year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

At September 30, 2019, the District reported a net pension liability related to FRS and HIS as follows:

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental entities, as actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, the District's proportionate share of the FRS and HIS net pension liabilities were as follows:

, (8
FRS	0.013963889%	0.014350464%
HIS	0.016011499%	0.016300234%

For the plan year ended June 30, 2019, pension expense was recognized related to the FRS and HIS plans as follows:

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Deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions:

At September 30, 2019, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions were recorded from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	/ % % "!/, \$5 & & \$ " % + \$ 285,234 1,235,150	8 8 8 " % + 8	, ,	
Net different between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(266,057)	1,156	-
Change in proportionate share	45,758	(372,587)	-	(118,295)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	120,098	-	24,085	-
•	\$ 1,686,240	\$ (641,628)	\$254,443	\$ (266,914)

The above amounts for deferred outflows of resources for contributions related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

2020	\$ 387,636
2021	26,842
2022	236,117
2023	179,738
2024	39,809
Thereafter	17,816
Total	\$ 887,958

Actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS was completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2018. Because HIS is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed.

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.60%. Payroll growth, including inflation, for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS investments is 6.90%. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 7.00%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.50% was used to determine the total pension for the program. This rate decreased from the prior year rate, which was 3.87%. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the PUB2010 base table varies by member category and sex, projected generationally with Scale MP-2018 details.

Long-term expected rate of return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2019, the FRS Actuarial Assumptions conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and by a capital market assumptions team from Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, which consults to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

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Cash	1.0%	3.3%
Fixed income	18.0%	4.1%
Global equities	54.0%	8.0%
Real estate	10.0%	6.7%
Private equity	11.0%	11.2%
Strategic investments	6.0%	5.9%
Total	100.0%	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate shares of the FRS and HIS net pension liability of the entity calculated using the current discount rates, as well as what the entity's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

, (& + % #—!Iffsctive October 1, 2017, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for certain post-employment healthcare benefits provided by the District. The District elected to implement the requirements of this statement prospectively. No assets are held in trust for payment of the OPEB liability as the District had no OPEB liability other than as arising from the implicit rate subsidy, as discussed in the following paragraph.

Retirees and their dependents are permitted to remain covered under the District's respective health care plans as long as they pay a full premium applicable to the coverage elected. This conforms to the minimum required of Florida governmental employers per Chapter 112.08, Florida Statutes. The Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

/#! \$\%\\$ 4 #_The Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the District. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the District is subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee. GASB No. 75 calls this the "implicit rate subsidy."

, (*2 % & O that October 1, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of the following:

\$!(, #(2#,#The District's total OPEB liability of \$2,454,676 was measured as of September 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018 and rolled forward to September 30, 2019.

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+!"(%#&&"*!#\$ & !0 % "!-&The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
20-year AA Municipal bond rate
Mortality

Implicit in expected payroll increases 2.0% N/A; plan is not pre-funded 3.58%

PUB-2010 General headcount weighted, sex-distinct mortality table with MP-2018 improvement scale

The District does not a have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based the 20-year AA Municipal bond rate as of September 30, 2019.

Changes in the OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	 \$!(, #(2#,#!-
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 2,293,619
Changes for a year:	
Service cost	140,539
Interest	84,738
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of actuarial assumptions	41,998
Benefit payments – implicit rate subsidy	(106,218)
Net changes	161,057
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 2,454,676

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 3.64%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.64%) or 1% higher (4.64%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (3.50%) or 1% higher (5.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (4.50%):

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$254,367. At September 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB form the following sources:

	" 		•	/ % % /,\$5& \$/ &\$"%+
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	115,766
Changes of assumptions Total	\$	420,622 420,622	\$	115,766

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in succeeding years as follows:

2020	\$ 29,090
2021	29,090
2022	29,090
2023	29,090
2024	29.090
Thereafter	 159,406
Total	\$ 304,856

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the District's financial statements:

(a) GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in June 2017. GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

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NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,149,027	\$ 1,154,875	\$ 2,312,342	\$ 1,157,467		
Intergovernmental revenue	86,674	86,674	-	(86,674)		
Federal grants	-	-	-	-		
Investment income	-	-	345,967	345,967		
Miscellaneous revenues		91,759	93,011	1,252		
Total revenues	1,235,701	1,333,308	2,751,320	1,418,012		
Expenditures						
Salaries	1,257,973	1,275,324	1,266,173	9,151		
Employee benefits	552,267	562,602	552,435	10,167		
Professional/contractual services	190,600	195,000	152,161	42,839		
Services	510,311	507,670	374,159	133,511		
Commodities	73,187	72,687	58,159	14,528		
Capital outlay	145,608	236,108	123,402	112,706		
Grants and aids	1,705,000	1,705,000	992,596	712,404		
Administrative overhead allocated	159,156	164,604	(1,392,755)	1,557,359		
Total expenditures	4,594,102	4,718,995	2,126,330	2,592,665		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,358,401)	(3,385,687)	624,990	4,010,677		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	47,344	47,344		
Transfers out	(688,829)	(1,677,699)	(471,421)	1,206,278		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(688,829)	(1,677,699)	(424,077)	1,253,622		
Net change in fund balance	(4,047,230)	(5,063,386)	200,913	5,264,299		
Fund balance, beginning of year	14,595,029	14,595,029	14,595,029	-		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,547,799	\$ 9,531,643	\$ 14,795,942	\$ 5,264,299		

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 480,125	\$ 574,056	\$ 246,542	\$ (327,514)	
Intergovernmental revenue	32,796,987	32,796,669	9,915,007	(22,881,662)	
Federal grants	3,095,929	3,105,469	1,364,433	(1,741,036)	
Investment income	-	-	61,077	61,077	
Miscellaneous revenues	3,820,654	3,820,654	49,791	(3,770,863)	
Total revenues	40,193,695	40,296,848	11,636,850	(28,659,998)	
Expenditures					
Salaries	1,736,810	1,768,695	1,683,080	85,615	
Employee benefits	740,944	694,762	632,665	62,097	
Professional/contractual services	4,581,466	4,610,291	1,763,533	2,846,758	
Services	318,664	318,664	214,002	104,662	
Commodities	84,686	93,686	64,435	29,251	
Capital outlay	202,110	358,562	242,467	116,095	
Grants and aids	32,795,527	32,701,250	5,817,999	26,883,251	
Administrative overhead allocated	515,644	521,964	493,465	28,499	
Total expenditures	40,975,851	41,067,874	10,911,646	30,156,228	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(782,156)	(771,026)	725,204	1,496,230	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of General Fixed Assets	-	-	12,397	12,397	
Transfers in	688,829	677,699	-	(677,699)	
Transfers Out	-	-	(47,344)	(47,344)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	688,829	677,699	(34,947)	(712,646)	
Net change in fund balance	(93,327)	(93,327)	690,257	783,584	
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,491,883	2,491,883	2,491,883	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$2,398,556	\$2,398,556	\$3,182,140	\$ 783,584	

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LAND MANAGEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	8			(12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 12,879	\$ -	\$ (12,879)
Timber sales	2,000,000	-	199,238	199,238
Intergovernmental revenue	1,598,187	1,634,888	1,682,748	47,860
Federal grants	-	137,971	137,655	(316)
Investment income	34,939	34,939	162,431	127,492
Miscellaneous revenues	25,140	199,259	182,761	(16,498)
Total revenues	3,658,266	2,019,936	2,364,833	344,897
Expenditures				
Salaries	872,868	898,775	904,952	(6,177)
Employee benefits	420,250	418,207	424,122	(5,915)
Professional/contractual services	1,326,082	1,825,616	999,588	826,028
Services	527,632	981,684	532,573	449,111
Commodities	555,267	563,653	441,327	122,326
Capital outlay	295,860	470,860	229,067	241,793
Grants and Aids	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Administrative overhead allocated	269,107	273,540	283,427	(9,887)
Total expenditures	4,292,066	5,457,335	3,815,056	1,642,279
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(633,800)	(3,437,399)	(1,450,223)	1,987,176
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of general fixed assets	-	-	16,720	16,720
Transfers In	-	1,000,000	471,421	(528,579)
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)	900,000	488,141	(411,859)
Net change in fund balance	(733,800)	(2,537,399)	(962,082)	1,575,317
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,280,104	6,280,104	6,280,104	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$5,546,304	\$3,742,705	\$5,318,022	\$ 1,575,317

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - REGULATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						riance with al Budget -
	Budgeted	Amou	ints			Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,804,331	\$	1,691,673	\$ 896,648	\$	(795,025)
Permits and licenses	396,438		396,438	506,480		110,042
Intergovernmental revenue	2,260,005		2,261,913	2,740,907		478,994
Federal grants	14,492		14,492	-		(14,492)
Investment income	10,000		10,000	57,316		47,316
Miscellaneous revenues	 -		112,400	157,811		45,411
Total revenues	 4,485,266		4,486,916	4,359,162		(127,754)
Expenditures						
Salaries	2,037,511		2,021,823	1,803,854		217,969
Employee benefits	1,000,501		996,229	779,090		217,139
Professional/contractual services	166,036		141,786	65,381		76,405
Services	486,160		473,160	373,309		99,851
Commodities	76,763		69,263	59,921		9,342
Capital outlay	136,060		193,210	155,723		37,487
Administrative overhead allocated	632,235		641,445	551,213		90,232
Total expenditures	4,535,266		4,536,916	3,788,491		748,425
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (50,000)		(50,000)	570,671		620,671
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of general fixed assets	 -		-	3,800		3,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	3,800		3,800
Net change in fund balance	 (50,000)		(50,000)	 574,471		624,471
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,347,933		2,347,933	2,347,933		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,297,933	\$	2,297,933	\$ 2,922,404	\$	624,471

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MITIGATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amoı	ints		Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
	C	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	1,054,414	\$	1,055,697	\$ 676,231	\$	(379,466)
Investment income		100,000		100,000	 408,395		308,395
Total revenues		1,154,414		1,155,697	1,084,626		(71,071)
Expenditures							
Salaries		217,252		217,247	196,485		20,762
Employee benefits		90,625		90,337	78,100		12,237
Professional/contractual services		637,181		637,181	285,056		352,125
Services		29,867		29,867	24,799		5,068
Commodities		110,504		110,504	30,936		79,568
Capital outlay		4,914		4,914	2,499		2,415
Administrative overhead allocated		64,071		65,647	58,356		7,291
Total expenditures		1,154,414		1,155,697	676,231		479,466
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		-	408,395		408,395
Net change in fund balance		-			408,395		408,395
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,017,809		2,017,809	2,017,809		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,017,809	\$	2,017,809	\$ 2,426,204	\$	408,395

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Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The Board generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

In accordance with Florida Statutes, as amended July 1, 2012, prior to January 15 of each year, Water Management Districts must submit a Preliminary budget for the next fiscal year for legislative review. The preliminary budget will be used as the basis for developing the tentative budget. The tentative budget must be submitted to the District's Governing Board prior to July 15 and to the Executive Office of the Governor (EOG) and Legislature no later than August 1. The tentative budget proposes the operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with the estimates for the current year and actual data for the prior year.

The budget is prepared at the Program and Activity level per the requirements of Section 373.536, Florida Statutes and presented to the Board by fund and budget category as required by Chapters 373 and 189, Florida Statutes.

- Public hearings are conducted to allow for taxpayer comment.
- •Prior to September 30, the budget is legally enacted through adoption of a resolution by the District's Governing Board in a public hearing.
- •The Director of Administration is required by the District to present a monthly financial report and schedule of disbursements to the Board.
- •Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or increase an activity by a cumulative amount in excess of \$1,000,000 must be approved by the Executive Office of the Governor and noticed to the Legislative Budget Commission prior to noticing the budget amendment for a District's Governing Board meeting. Budget amendments must be approved under the requirement of Chapter 373 and 189, Florida Statutes.
- •Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- •Budgets for the governmental fund types are presented on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

As of the Plan Year Ended June 30,

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Florida Retirement System (FRS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.013963889%	0.014350464%	0.014547660%	0.016537167%	0.018788173%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,808,969	\$ 4,322,434	\$ 4,303,100	\$ 4,175,648	\$ 2,426,745
Covered payroll	5,356,024	5,325,095	5,279,199	5,628,494	5,371,658
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	89.79%	81.17%	81.51%	74.19%	45.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%
Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.016011499%	0.016300234%	0.016710517%	0.017533971%	0.017752284%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,791,527	\$ 1,725,235	\$ 1,786,766	\$ 2,043,512	\$ 1,810,454
Covered payroll	5,356,024	5,325,095	5,279,199	5,628,494	5,371,658
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	33.45%	32.40%	33.85%	36.31%	33.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for only those years for which information is available.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

As of the Plan Year Ended June 30 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Florida Retirement System (FRS) Contractually required contribution 432,981 408,977 370,750 426,894 \$ 444,312 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (370,750)(432,981)(408,977)(426,894)(444,312)Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ Covered payroll 5,356,024 \$ 5,325,095 \$ 5,279,199 \$ 5,628,494 \$5,371,658 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 8.08% 7.68% 7.02% 7.58% 8.27% **Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS)** Contractually required contribution 88,910 88,397 \$ 72,751 87,653 93,433 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (88,910)(88,397)(87,653)(93,433)(72,751)Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ Covered payroll \$ 5,279,199 \$ 5,356,024 \$ 5,325,095 \$ 5,628,494 \$5,371,658 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.35%

Note 1: GASB 68 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for only those years for which information is available.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	140,539	\$ 93,471
Interest		84,738	57,559
Experience (gains)/losses		-	(137,900)
Changes of assumptions		41,998	455,324
Benefit payments - implicit rate subsidy		(106,218)	(71,493)
Net change in total OPEB liability		161,057	396,961
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	2	2,293,619	1,896,658
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 2	2,454,676	\$ 2,293,619

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: 9/30/2019

Changes of assumptions and other changes reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2018	3.64%
2019	3.58%

^{*10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available.

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NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Contract Number	Expenditures	Amounts Provided to Sub-recipients
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S Department of Homeland Security Direct:				
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2009-CA-5937	\$ 250,279	\$ -
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2010-CA-5085	52,187	-
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2011-CA-5142	161,823	-
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2013-CA-5352	335,445	-
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045 97.045	EMA-2014-CA-00047 EMA-2015-CA-00043	8,142	-
Cooperating Technical Partners Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2016-CA-00043	66,996 16,674	_
Cooperating Technical Partners	97.045	EMA-2017-CA-00003	280,345	-
			1,171,891	
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039	N/A	319	
Federal Emergency Management	97.036	Z0889	126,512	
			1,298,722	-
U.S Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection		NIE021	102 (02	
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	NF021	182,682	
U.S Department of Agriculture Direct:				
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	N/A	10,805	-
Partnership Agreements	10.699	N/A	9,878	
			20,683	-
Total Federal Awards			1,502,087	
				Amounts
Grand Control of the	CSFA	Contract	F 114	Provided to
State Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Sub-recipients
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Direct:				
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	MN004	120,094	_
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	N/A	2,120	-
Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	37.039	S0810	22,680	22,680
			144,894	22,680
Water Management District Permitting Assistance	37.030	N/A	1,276,759	
Water Management District Operations	37.037	N/A	39,013	39,013
Water Management District Operations Water Management District Operations	37.037	N/A N/A	3,360,000	202,919
		1771	3,399,013	241,932
Water Management Districts - Land Acquisition and Improvement	37.022	N/A	1,120,744	_
Water Management Districts - Land Acquisition and Improvement	37.022	N/A	1,610,000	-
			2,730,744	-
				
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP01106	264,785	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP011B	100,390	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	S0866	734,159	734,159
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP01105	133,693	133,693
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP0110C	75,400	75,400
Florida Springs Program Florida Springs Program	37.052 37.052	LP0110A LP01107	9,820	-
Florida Springs Program Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP01107 LP0110	122,928 32,850	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP0110 LP01101	842,658	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP01109	81,823	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP0110G	56,931	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	S0900	1,400	-
Florida Springs Program	37.052	LP0110D	75,536	75,536
Florida Springs Program	37.052	S0810	3,941,454	3,941,454
			6,473,827	4,960,242
Total Expenditures of State Financial Assistance			14,025,237	5,224,854
Total Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance			\$ 15,527,324	\$ 5,224,854

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The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance includes the Federal and State Award activity of the Northwest Florida Water Management District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as covered in §200.414, Indirect (F&A) costs, of the Uniform Guidance.

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements		
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major Federal programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal awards programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.561(a)	Yes	X No
		
Identification of major Federal programs:	CFDA No. 97.	045, Cooperating Technical Partner
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B Federal awards programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No

NORTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

State Financial Assistance

Section II.

Section III.

Section IV.

Section V.

Internal control over major state financial assistance projects:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes X No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major state financial assistance projects:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General?	YesX_No
Identification of major state financial assistance	CSFA No. 37.052, Florida Springs Program CSFA No. 37.022, Water Management Districts- Land Acquisition
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B state financial assistance projects:	\$750,000
Financial Statement Findings:	There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2019.
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs:	There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2019.
State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs:	There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2019.
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings:	There were no audit findings for the year ended September 30, 2018.





To the Honorable Governing Board, Northwest Florida Water Management District:

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We have audited Northwest Florida Water Management District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement, and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Northwest Florida Water Management District's major federal programs and major state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019. Northwest Florida Water Management District's major federal programs and major state projects are identified in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state projects applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Northwest Florida Water Management District's major federal programs and major state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or major state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Northwest Florida Water Management District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and major state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

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121 Executive Circle
Daytona Beach, FL 32114-1180
Telephone: 386-257-4100

133 East Indiana Avenue DeLand, FL 32724-4329 Telephone: 386-738-3300 5931 NW 1st Place Gainesville, FL 32607-2063 Telephone: 352-378-1331 2477 Tim Gamble Place, Suite 200 Tallahassee, FL 32308-4386 Telephone: 850-386-6184

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and each major state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and major state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida, Office of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida May 13, 2020



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GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Governing Board, Northwest Florida Water Management District:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Northwest Florida Water Management District (the District) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 13, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida May 13, 2020



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To the Honorable Governing Board, Northwest Florida Water Management District:

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We have audited the financial statements of Northwest Florida Water Management District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated May 13, 2020.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S Code of *Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

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We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Each Major State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated May 13, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

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Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The disclosure of this information is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)6.a. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District provided monthly financial statements to its governing board and made such monthly statements available for public access on its Web site. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District provided monthly financial statements to its governing board and made such monthly statements available for public access on its Web site.

Sections 10.554(1)(i)6.b. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the District provided a link on its Web site to the Florida Department of Financial Service's Web site to view the District's annual financial report submitted to the Department. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District provided a link on its Web site to the Florida Department of Financial Service's Web site.

Sections 10.554(1)(i)6.c. and 10.556(9), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the District posted its tentative and final budgets on its Web site. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District posted its tentative and final budgets on its Web site.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3, Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

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Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Governing Board, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida May 13, 2020



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To the Honorable Board of District Commissioners, Northwest Florida Water Management District

We have examined the compliance of Northwest Florida Water Management District (the District) with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the District complied with the aforementioned statutes, for the year ended September 30, 2019, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

James Meore : Co., P.L.

Tallahassee, Florida May 13, 2020